WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

REGULAR SESSION, 1977

ENROLLED

HOUSE BILL No. 1729

Originating in the (By Mr. Idouse Committee on the Judiciary.)

PASSED	April T.	1977
In Effect	- from -	Passage

ENROLLED

H. B. 1729

(Originating in the House Committee on the Judiciary)

[Passed April 7, 1977; in effect from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section thirty-nine, article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; and to further amend said article by adding thereto seven new sections, designated sections thirty-nine-a, thirty-nine-b, thirty-nine-c, thirty-nine-d, thirtynine-e, thirty-nine-f, thirty-nine-g and thirty-nine-l., all relating to crime of obtaining property with worthless checks when maker knows check to be worthless; subjecting person signing corporate check to provisions relating to personal checks; providing misdemeanor and felony penalties; crime of passing worthless check and penalties; providing that payment of check acts as defense to certain prosecutions; duty of bank to indicate reason why check is dishonored and providing that such given reason is prima facie evidence of the truth thereof; relating to evidentiary requirements regarding knowledge of sufficiency of funds and identity of maker of check; providing misdemeanor penalty for giving false information; providing for notice of dishonor from payee and the imposition of a service charge; effect of payment of check; providing form of complaint for warrant; providing for notice of filing of complaint for warrant from magistrate court to maker of check; and relating to imposition of court costs.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section thirty-nine, article three, chapter sixty-one of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as

amended, be amended and reenacted; and that said article be further amended by adding thereto seven new sections, designated sections thirty-nine-a, thirty-nine-b, thirty-nine-c, thirty-nine-d, thirty-nine-e, thirty-nine-f, thirty-nine-g, and thirty-nine-h, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 3. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.

§61-3-39. Obtaining property in return for worthless check; penalty.

- 1 It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to
- 2 obtain any money, services, goods or other property or thing
- 3 of value by means of a check, draft or order for the payment
- 4 of money or its equivalent upon any bank or other depository,
- 5 knowing at the time of the making, drawing, issuing, uttering
- 6 or delivering of such check, draft or order that there is not
- 7 sufficient funds on deposit in or credit with such bank or
- 8 other depository with which to pay the same upon presentation.
- 9 The making, drawing, issuing, uttering or delivery of any such
- 10 check, draft or order, for or on behalf of any corporation, or
- 11 its name, by any officer or agent of such corporation, shall
- 12 subject such officer or agent to the penalties of this section
- 13 to the same extent as though such check, draft or order was
- 14 his own personal act, when such agent or officer knows that
- 15 such corporation does not have sufficient funds on deposit in
- 16 or credit with such bank or depository from which such check,
- 17 draft or order can legally be paid upon presentment.
- 18 This section shall not apply to any such check, draft or
- 19 order when the payee or holder knows or has been expressly
- 20 notified prior to the acceptance of same or has reason to
- 21 believe that the drawer did not have on deposit or to his
- 22 credit with the drawee sufficient funds to insure payment as
- 23 aforesaid, nor shall this section apply to any postdated check,
- 24 draft or order.
- No prosecution shall be confined to the provisions of this
- 26 section by virtue of the fact that worthless checks, drafts or
- 27 orders may be employed in the commission of some other
- 28 criminal act.
- Any person who shall violate the provisions of this section,
- 30 if the amount of the check, draft or order is less than two
- 31 hundred dollars, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon

- 32 conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than two hundred
- 33 dollars, or imprisoned not more than six months, or both
- 34 fined and imprisoned. Any person who shall violate the pro-
- 35 visions of this section, if the amount of the check, draft or
- 36 order is two hundred dollars or more, shall be guilty of a
- 37 felony, and, if convicted thereof, shall be fined not more than
- 38 five hundred dollars, or imprisoned not less than one year nor
- 39 more than five years, or both fined and imprisoned.

§61-3-39a. Issuing worthless checks; penalty.

- 1 It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to
- 2 make, draw, issue, utter or deliver any check, draft or order
- for the payment of money or its equivalent upon any bank or
- 4 other depository, knowing or having reason to know there is
- 5 not sufficient funds on deposit in or credit with such bank or
- 6 other depository with which to pay the same upon presentation.
- 7 The making, drawing, issuing, uttering or delivering of any
- 8 such check, draft or order, for or on behalf of any corporation,
- 9 or its name, by any officer or agent of such corporation, shall
- 10 subject such officer or agent to the penalties of this section
- 11 to the same extent as though such check, draft or order was
- 12 his own personal act.
- 13 This section shall not apply to any such check, draft or
- 14 order when the payee or holder knows or has been expressly
- 15 notified prior to the acceptance of same or has reason to be-
- 16 lieve that the drawer did not have on deposit or to his credit
- 17 with the drawee sufficient funds to insure payment as aforesaid,
- 18 nor shall this section apply to any postdated check, draft or
- 19 order. This section shall not apply when such insufficiency of
- 20 funds or credit is caused by any adjustment to the drawer's
- 21 account by the bank or other depository without notice to the
- 22 drawer or is caused by the dishonoring of any check, draft or
- 23 order deposited in the account unless there is knowledge or
- 24 reason to believe that such check, draft or order would be so
- 25 dishonored.
- 26 Any person who shall violate the provisions of this section
- 27 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof,
- 28 shall be fined not more than one hundred dollars, or imprison-
- 29 ed not more than ten days, or both fined and imprisoned.

§61-3-39b. Payment as defense.

- 1 Payment of a dishonored check, draft or order shall not
- 2 constitute a defense or ground for dismissal of charges brought
- 3 under section thirty-nine of this article. Payment of a dishonor-
- 4 ed check, including any authorized charges or costs, shall
- 5 constitute a defense or grounds for dismissal of charges
- 6 brought under section thirty-nine-a of this article.

§61-3-39c. Reason for dishonor; duty of drawee.

- 1 It shall be the duty of the drawee of any check, draft or
- 2 order, before refusing to pay the same to the holder thereof
- 3 upon presentation, to cause to be written, printed or stamped
- 4 in plain language thereon or attached thereto, the reason for
- 5 drawee's dishonor or refusal to pay same. In all prosecutions
- 6 under section thirty-nine or thirty-nine-a of this article, the
- 7 introduction in evidence of any unpaid and dishonored check,
- 8 draft or other written order, having the drawee's refusal to pay
- 9 stamped or written thereon, or attached thereto, with the
- 10 reason therefor as aforesaid:
- 11 (a) Shall be prima facie evidence of the making or uttering
- 12 of said check, draft or other written order, and the due pres-
- 13 entation to the drawee for payment and the dishonor thereof,
- 14 and that the same was properly dishonored for the reasons
- 15 written, stamped or attached by the drawee on such dis-
- 16 honored checks, drafts or orders; and
- 17 (b) Shall be prima facie evidence, as against the maker or
- 18 drawer thereof, of the withdrawing from deposit with the
- 19 drawee named in the check, draft or other written order, of
- 20 the funds on deposit with such drawee necessary to insure pay-
- 21 ment of said check, draft or other written order upon presenta-
- 22 tion within a reasonable time after negotiation; and
- 23 (c) Shall be prima facie evidence of the drawing, making,
- 24 uttering or delivering of a check, draft or written order with
- 25 the knowledge of insufficient funds in or credit with such
- 26 drawee.

§61-3-39d. Prima facie evidence of knowledge; identity; penalty for providing false information.

1 (a) In any prosecution under section thirty-nine of this

article, the making, drawing, uttering or delivery of a check, draft or order, the payment of which is refused by the drawee because of lack of funds or credit, shall be prima facie evidence that the drawer has knowledge at the time of making, drawing, issuing, uttering or delivering such check, draft or order that there is not sufficient funds or credit to pay the same, unless the check, draft or order is paid along with any charges or costs authorized by this article.

- (b) In any prosecution under section thirty-nine-a of this article, it shall constitute prima facie evidence of the identity of the drawer of a check, draft or order if at the time of acceptance of such check, draft or order there is obtained the following information: name and residence, business or mailing address and either a valid motor vehicle operator's number or the drawer's home or work phone number or place of employment. Such information may be recorded on the check, draft or order itself or may be retained on file by the payee and referred to on the check, draft or order by identifying number or other similar means.
- (c) Any person who shall provide false information when information is requested prior to accepting a check, draft or order either at the time such check, draft or order is presented or for the purpose of obtaining a check cashing identification card or similar check cashing privilege shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than two hundred dollars, or imprisoned not more than thirty days, or both fined and imprisoned.

§61-3-39e. Notice of dishonor by payee; service charge.

The payee or holder of a check, draft or order which has been dishonored because of insufficent funds or credit may send notice thereof to the drawer of the check, draft or order. The payee or holder of any such dishonored check may impose a service charge not to exceed five dollars. No service charge shall be imposed or collected after a complaint for warrant has been delivered to magistrate court. No payee or holder of a check, draft or order which has been dishonored because of insufficient funds or credit shall incur any civil or criminal liability for the sending of a notice substantially in

11 12 13	the form provided herein, other provisions of law notwith- standing. The form of such notice shall be substantially as follows:
14 15	"You are hereby notified that a check, number, issued by you on (date of check), drawn upon (name of bank),
16 17 18 19	and payable to, has been dishonored. Pursuant to West Virginia law, you have ten days from the date of this notice to tender payment of the full amount of such check plus a five dollar service charge to the undersigned
20 21 22	at You are further notified that in the event the above amount is timely paid in full you will not be subject to legal proceedings, civil or criminal.
23	Dated, 19
24	(Signed) ."
24 25 26 27 28	(Signed) ." The provisions of this section shall not authorize the making of any other written or oral threats of prosecution to enforce or enhance the collection or honoring of said dishonored check, draft or order.
25 26 27	The provisions of this section shall not authorize the making of any other written or oral threats of prosecution to enforce or enhance the collection or honoring of said dishonor-

§61-3-39f. Manner of filing complaint for warrant; form.

- 1 Notwithstanding the provisions of section one, article one,
- 2 chapter sixty-two of this code, a complaint for warrant for
- 3 violations of section thirty-nine-a of this article need not be
- 4 made upon oath before a magistrate but may be made upon
- 5 oath before any magistrate court clerk or other court officer
- 6 authorized to administer oaths or before a notary public in any

7 8	
	county of the state and may be delivered by mail or otherwise to the magistrate court of the county wherein venue lies.
9 10 11 12	A complaint for warrant for violations of section thirty-nine- a of this article shall be deemed sufficient if it is in form sub- stantially as follows: "State of West Virginia
13	County of, to wit:
14 15	, upon oath complains that:
16	(a) Within one year past, on the day of
17	, 19, in the County aforesaid
18 19	did unlawfully issue and (maker)
20 21	deliver unto his certain check of the words and figures as follows:
22	, 19 NO
23	
24	(Name of Bank)
25	Pay to the Order of\$
26	Dollars
27	For
27 28 29 30	when he the said did not have funds on deposit in and credit with said bank with which to pay same upon presentation against the Peace and Dignity
28 29	when he the said did not have funds on deposit in and credit with said bank with which to
28 29 30 31 32	when he the said did not have funds on deposit in and credit with said bank with which to pay same upon presentation against the Peace and Dignity of the State of West Virginia and he the said therefore prays a warrant issue and that said
28 29 30 31 32 33	when he the said did not have funds on deposit in and credit with said bank with which to pay same upon presentation against the Peace and Dignity of the State of West Virginia and he the said therefore prays a warrant issue and that said (maker)
28 29 30 31 32	when he the said did not have funds on deposit in and credit with said bank with which to pay same upon presentation against the Peace and Dignity of the State of West Virginia and he the said therefore prays a warrant issue and that said

My commission expires the _____ day of

66

67

The failure to supply information indicated in part (b) of the foregoing complaint for warrant shall not affect the sufficiency thereof.

§61-3-39g. Notice of complaint; payment procedure; costs.

After receipt of a complaint for warrant for a violation of section thirty-nine or thirty-nine-a of this article no magistrate court shall issue a warrant until after the provisions of this section are complied with, unless complaint is made that the drawer of such check, draft or order is about to flee the jurisdiction. The magistrate court shall not receive or hold the check, draft or order except as evidence during trial or hearing.

9 Upon receipt of such complaint for warrant the magistrate court shall immediately prepare and mail to the drawer of such 10 11 check, draft or order a notice in form substantially as follows 12 and shall impose additional court costs in the amount of ten 13 dollars. Such notice shall be mailed to the drawer by certified mail, postpaid, return receipt requested, at the address provided 14 15 at the time of presenting such check, draft or order and service 16 of such notice shall be complete upon mailing. Such notice shall be in form substantially as follows if prosecution is under 17 18 section thirty-nine of this article:

19 "You are hereby notified that a complaint for a warrant for your arrest has been filed with this office to the following effect 20 and purpose by _____ who upon oath complains 21 22 that on the _____ day of _____, 19__, you did unlawfully issue and deliver unto him a certain check in the amount 23 24 of _____ drawn on ____ where you did not have 25 Bank 26 funds on deposit in or credit with said bank with which to pay 27 same upon presentation and pray that a warrant issue and that 28 you be apprehended wherever you may be found by an officer 29 authorized to make such an arrest and dealt with in ac-30 cordance with the laws of the State of West Virginia. 31 Unless you make payment of the amount of the check plus

court costs in the amount of _____ to the Magistrate

32

33	Court Clerk at on or before said
34 35 36	day of, 19, you will be presumed to have had criminal intent at the time of issuance of the check and a warrant for your arrest will be issued on or
37 38	after the, 19 Magistrate Court of County
39	
40	Date:
41 42	Such notice shall be in form substantially as follows if prosecution is under section thirty-nine-a of this article:
43 44	"You are hereby notified that a complaint for a warrant for your arrest has been filed with this office to the following
45	effect and purpose by who upon oath
46	complains that on the day of,
47	19 you did unlawfully issue and deliver unto him a certain
48	check in the amount of drawn on
49 50 51 52 53 54 55	Bank deposit in or credit with said bank with which to pay same upon presentation and pray that a warrant issue and that you be apprehended wherever you may be found by an officer authorized to make such an arrest and dealt with in accordance with the laws of the State of West Virginia.
56	A warrant for arrest will be issued on or after the
57	day of, 19
58	You can nullify the effect of said complaint and avoid
59 60	arrest by paying to the Magistrate Court Clerk atthe amount due on said check and the costs of this proceeding
61	in the amount of on or before said
62 63	day of, 19, at which time you will be given a receipt with which you can obtain said check

from the holder thereof. The holder of the check is forbidden by law to accept payment.

Such notice shall give the drawer of any such check, draft or order twenty days within which to make payment to magistrate court. In the event such drawer pays the amount of the check plus court costs to the magistrate court within the twenty day period no warrant shall issue. The payment may be made to the magistrate court in person or by mail by cash, certified check, bank draft or money order and, in the event such payment is made by mail, the magistrate court clerk shall forthwith mail to the maker of such check the receipt hereinbelow required. In the event such total amount is not so paid the court shall proceed with the issunace of the warrant as is provided by law.

Upon receipt of payment of such total amount the magistrate court clerk shall issue to the drawer a receipt sufficiently describing such check with which receipt the drawer shall be entitled to receive the dishonored check, draft or order from the holder or payee thereof. No service charge shall be charged or collected by the holder or payee of a dishonored check, draft or order after filing a complaint for warrant. The magistrate court clerk shall forward the amount of the check to the payee or holder thereof. The magistrate court clerk is hereby authorized to establish a separate bank account for the purpose of facilitating such transactions. Costs collected shall be dealt with as is provided by law for other criminal proceedings.

The drawer of a check, draft or order against whom a warrant has been issued may at any time prior to trial pay to the court the amount of the check plus any accrued court costs plus such court costs as would be assessed if such person were found guilty of the offense charged.

§61-3-39h. Payment of costs in worthless check cases; disposition of certain costs.

1 In any prosecution under sections thirty-nine or thirty-nine-

a of this article such costs as may otherwise be imposed against

3 the drawer of any such check, draft or order shall be im-

posed on the person initiating the prosecution if payment of the

5 check, draft or order is accepted by the payee or holder there-

6 of after the filing of a complaint for warrant; if the payee or

holder had reason to believe that the check, draft or order

8 would be dishonored or if the same was postdated; or if the

matter is dismissed for failure to prosecute.

10 Costs collected by magistrate court for issuance of notice 11 as authorized by section thirty-nine-g of this article shall be 12 paid into the special county fund created by the provisions of 13 section four, article three, chapter fifty of this code. Such costs shall not be included in any calculation of the amount of 14 15 funds to be retained by the county but shall be accounted for 16 separately and retained by the county notwithstanding any provision of law directing the payment of costs to the state. 17

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled. Chairman Senate Committee
Chairman House Committee
Originated in the House.
Takes effect from passage.
Clerk of the Senate Clerk of the House of Delegates President of the Senate Speaker House of Delegates
The within is present this the 24 day of April 1977. Covernor Covernor

C-641

RECEIVED

APR 12 2 15 PM '77

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

APPROVED AND SIGNED BY THE GOVERNOR

Date April 24, 1972

Time 3:10 p.m.

MOS OF STATE

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